The Definitive Guide to Investment Costs

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JSE Power Hour 11 April 2019













Components of Investment Costs

Product

Acquisition

Admin/Platform

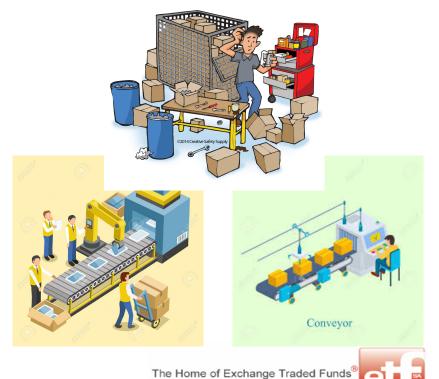
Advice

What else?



Product Costs

- What does it cost to "produce" the investment product?
- "Produce"
 - Initial cost to create it?
 - not my monkey, not my circus
 - product provider must pay (hold that thought...)
 - Ongoing cost to maintain it TER (Total Expense Ratio)
 - + TC (Transaction Costs)
 - = TIC (Total Investment Charge)



Total Expense Ratio (TER) - what's in it?

Fixed costs

- Trustee fee; audit fee; regulatory charges; licensing fees, etc.
- The smaller the fund, the bigger this is as a % of fund size

Variable costs

- ManCo fee (issuing company) relatively small, and standard
- Asset management fee varies significantly according to investment style, incl. active vs. index-tracking
- Performance fee can be significant, especially if the 'hurdle' is inappropriate
- Index licensing fee for index tracking funds small, but still



Total Expense Ratio (TER) – example

CIS (Collective Investment Scheme – unit trust) basics:

Expenses	CIS fund	R50m	R500m	R5bn
Fixed costs p.a. (independent of AUM)		1%	0.1%	0.01%
Trustee Fee	R 300 000			
Audit fee	R 200 000			
Variable costs (bps – based on AUM)		0.35%-1.75%	0.35%-1.75%	0.35%-1.75%
ManCo Fee	25			
Asset manager	10-150			
Total TER (%)		1.35%-2.75%	0.45%-1.85%	0.36%-1.76%

Note: only calculated after 12 months

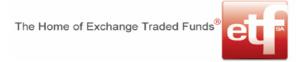
Illustrative example



Total Expense Ratio (TER) comparison

Expenses	Actively managed CIS	Index-tracking CIS	Index-tracking ETF
Fixed costs p.a. (independ	ent of AUM)		
Trustee Fee	R 300 000	R 300 000	R 300 000
Audit fee	R 200 000	R 200 000	R 200 000
Index calculation fee		R 100 000	R 100 000
Listing fees			R 50 000
Variable costs bps (based	on AUM)		
ManCo Fee	≈25.0	≈25.0	≈25.0
Asset manager	>>10.0	10.0	10.0
Index tracking license fee		2.0	2.0

Index-tracking ETF should be the most expensive...
...but it is not!



Total Expense Ratio (TER)

Top 40 ETFs			
ETFs	Basis points	(%)	
Satrix 40	10	0.10%	
Ashburton Top 40	15	0.15%	
Sygnia Itrix Top 40	16	0.16%	
Stanlib Top 40	29	0.29%	

Source: ProfileData; etfSA.co.za from ETF Issuer fact sheets, Feb-19



Targeted TER How does that work?

- ETF is launched with an intended (target) TER
- Daily pricing of ETF accrues 1/365th of target TER
- At the end of one year (365 days) the actual TER will equal the target TER
- In terms of actual costs incurred:
 - ETF issuer receives the accrued amount of expenses
 - ETF issuer pays the actual costs
 - ETF issuer subsidises the shortfall



Total Expense Ratio (TER)

Average Total Expense Ratios (TER)			
ETFs	Basis points	(%)	
Satrix 40	10	0.10%	
Ashburton Top 40	15	0.15%	
Sygnia Itrix Top 40	16	0.16%	
Stanlib Top 40	29	0.29%	
Average of all local ETFs	31	0.31%	
Average of all local Index-tracking Unit Trusts	73	0.73%	
Average of all SA General Equity Funds	154	1.54%	
Source: ProfileData; etfSA.co.za from ETF Issuer fact sheets, Feb-19			

But the TER does not include all the costs!



Adding Trading Costs (TC)

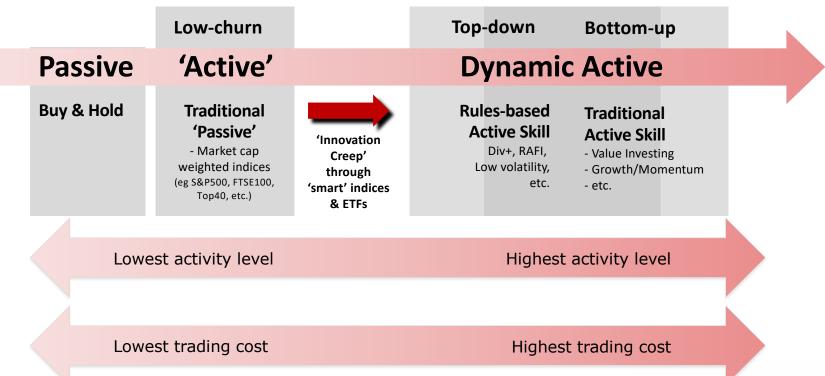
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Index calculation fee		R 100 000	R 100 000
Listing fees			R 50 000
Variable costs bps (based	on AUM)		
Manco Fee	≈25.0	≈25.0	≈25.0
Asset manager	>>10.0	10.0	10.0
Index tracking license fee	2.0	2.0	
Trading costs	medium-ultra high	low-medium	minimal

Level of activity determines the amount of trading costs



All Investing is Active...

...but the level of activity varies





The Activity-Cost Gradient

Passive

costs less than

Active



The Activity-Cost Gradient

Buy & Hold Passive costs less than

So-called Passive costs less than Active

doesn't exist



The Activity-Cost Gradient

Buy & Hold Passive costs less than

So-called Passive costs less than

Rules-based Active costs less than

Traditional Active

doesn't exist

'smart' beta





But TIC is not the full story! What else affects "product costs"?

- Cash flows!
- New investments into the fund requiring the creation of units or
- Withdrawals from the fund requiring the redemption of units

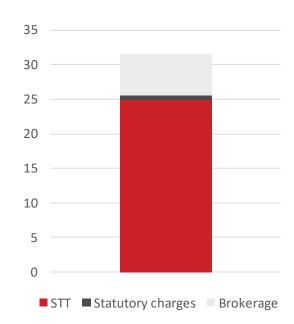
Primary market operations



How big is impact of cash flows?

What does it cost to invest R100m in the All Share Index at 5bps brokerage?

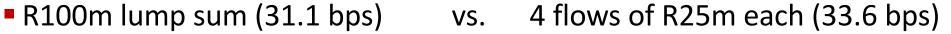
	Basket of ALSI shares
Gross investment amount	R 100 000 000
Brokerage (5 bps - 0.05% + VAT)	R 57 500
JSE fees & levies	R 6 855
STT* (only buy)	R 250 000
Net investment amount	R 99 685 645
Total cost of investment (bps)	31.1

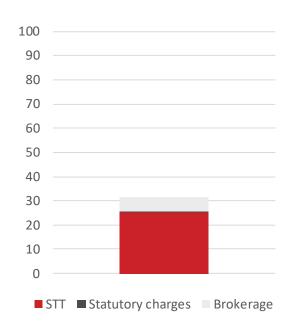




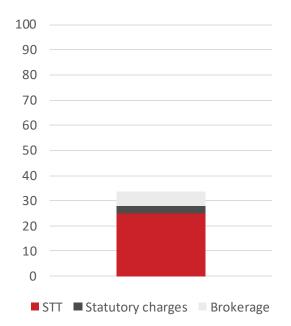


How big is impact of periodic cash flows?





Source: JSE / Strate data; etfSA calculations

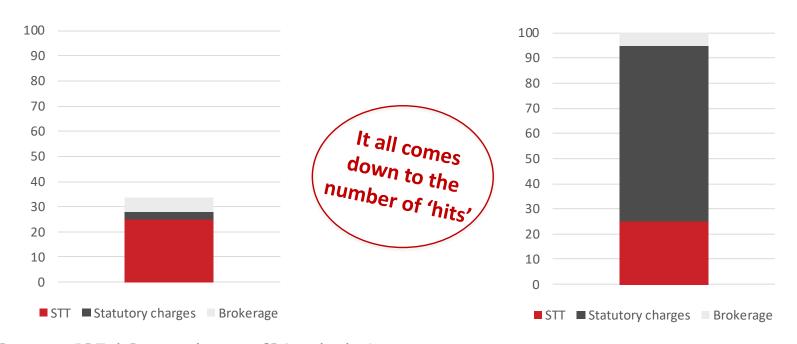




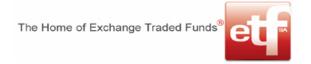
Small, frequent periodic cash flows have significant cost implications

R25m lump sum (33.6 bps)

vs. 5 flows of R5m each (100.8 bps)



Source: JSE / Strate data; etfSA calculations

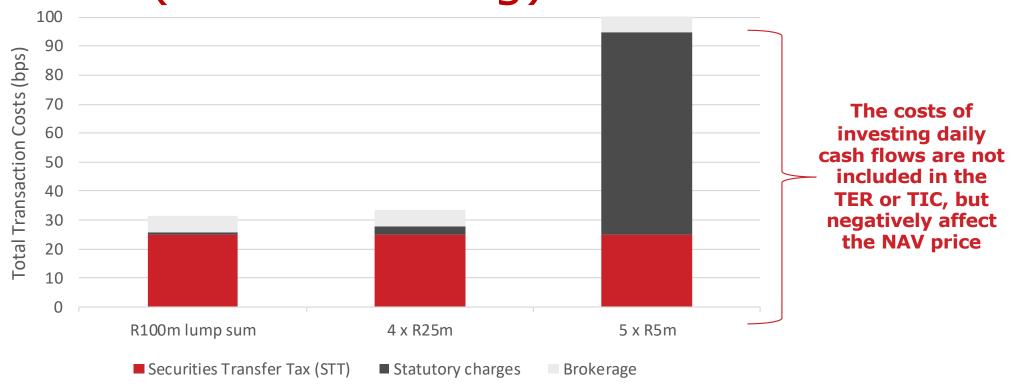


Who pays for this? (primary market operations)

- CIS (unit trust)
 - It is deemed a capital event
 - i.e. it is not included in the TER or the TIC It reduces the NAV, so affects performance over time \odot
 - All existing / remaining investors!



Impact of cash flows on (index tracking) unit trusts



Source: JSE / Strate data; etfSA calculations



Who pays for this? (primary market operations)

- CIS (unit trust)
 - It is deemed a capital event
 i.e. it is not included in the TER or the TIC
 It reduces the NAV, so affects performance over time ☺
 - All existing / remaining investors!
- ETF (Exchange Traded Fund)
 - Done by the market maker on behalf of ETF provider / issuer
 - Costs are incurred outside the fund
 - Costs are absorbed by the issuer, not by the investors



Let's observe the evidence

Why does an index-tracking unit trust underperform an ETF, from the same issuer, that track the same index?

- For example three years to 8-Apr-19 (source: ProfileData):
 - Satrix Top40 ETF(A): 7.29% p.a. vs.

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Satrix 40 Index Fund(A1): 6.85% p.a. (0.44% p.a.)
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Satrix RAFI40 Total Return ETF(A): 11.19% p.a. vs.

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Satrix RAFI40 Index Fund(A1): 10.63% p.a. (0.56% p.a.)
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Satrix Divi+ ETF(A): 13.24% p.a. vs.

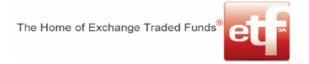
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Satrix Dividend+ Index Fund(A1): 12.75% p.a. (0.49% p.a.)
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- It's all about the trading costs associated with investment flows depends on
 - Frequency and size of cash flows
 - Churn (turnover) rate



Final thoughts on TER

- You can't avoid it
- You can't negotiate it
- BUT you can choose lower costs
 - Consider cost of making a change (rather deploy new money)
 - Beware of switching "penny-wise / pound-foolish"
- TER is not a cash flow expense (you won't see it in rands and cents in any investment statement)
- TER is already in price that you pay THUS, it affects your returns



Acquisition Costs

- Transaction costs
 - Initial buy
 - Reinvestment of dividends (after DWT*)
 - Selling / switching
- What are the components
 - Trading costs, incl. brokerage & statutory charges
 - Bid-offer spread
 - Possible CGT**





* DWT: Dividend Withholding Tax = 20%, non-negotiable

** CGT: Capital Gains Tax = max 18%, non-negotiable but variable



The cost of a DIY share portfolio

Buying & selling 40 individual shares rather than 1 ETF is a LOT more expensive...

·	Basket of Top 40 shares	Top 40 ETF
Gross investment amount	R 100 000	R 100 000
Brokerage (0.5% + VAT)*	R 575	R 575
JSE fees & levies**	R 443	R 11
STT (only buy)	R 250	
Net investment amount	R 98 732	R 99 414
Total cost of investment	1.3%	0.6%

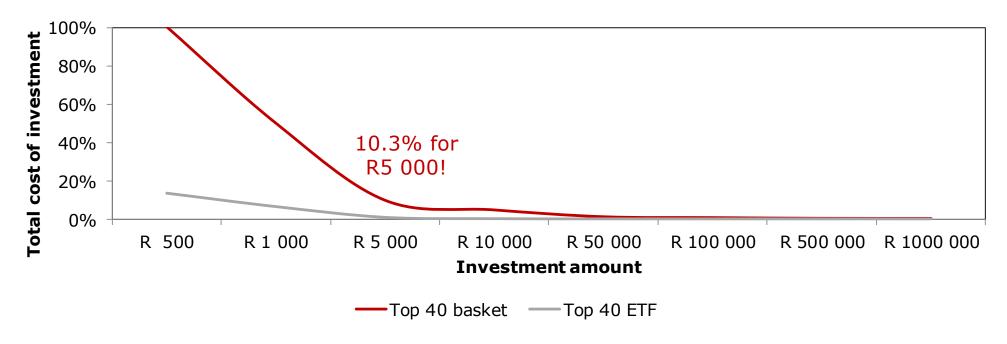
^{*} etfSA.co.za brokerage is only 0.08%+VAT – less than R1 per R1,000

^{**} Statutory charges are shared amongst all investors on the day due to bulking The Home of Exchange Traded Funds



The cost of a DIY share portfolio

...especially if your investment amount is relatively small (retail investors)

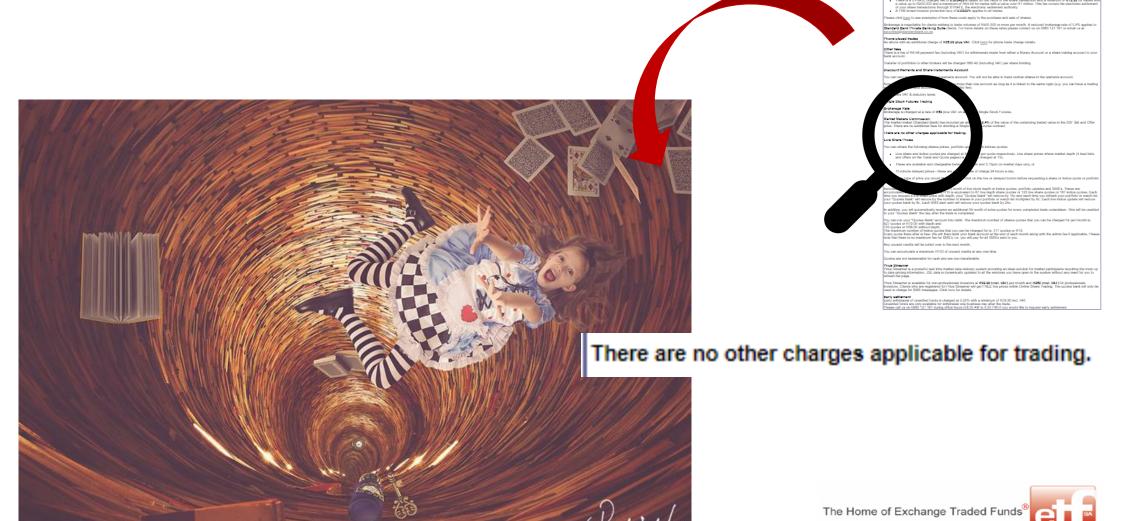




Acquisition Costs Different cost models

- Percentage, e.g.
 - etfSA.co.za: 0.092%
 - EasyEquities: 0.2875%
 - Standard Bank OST*: 0.575%, subject to MFC**
- Minimum fixed cost
 - SB OST: R57.50 per trade
 - Negotiable if you trade >R500k p.m.
- Withdrawal fee to your bank account: R4.56
- Transfer of portfolio: R60.42 per share holding ETC.





Acquisition Costs PPF* Model

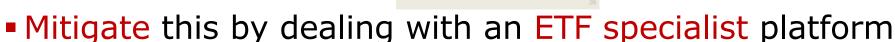
- Are you investing R500 or R50,000 or R5m?
- Are you buying 5 ETFs or 50 shares?
- Are you compounding (reinvesting distributions)?
- Are you a trader or an investor?
- Do you have itchy fingers or are you patient with your process?
- Compare different models based on your behaviour





Acquisition Costs Indirect costs

- Bid-offer spread (also known as the "double")
 - Difference between buying & selling price market maker "fee"
 - Mid of BBO* = NAV**
- Beware cents vs. % which spread is bigger?
 - **245-255**
 - **5700-5800**
 - **39000-41000**
- Beware "blind" trading





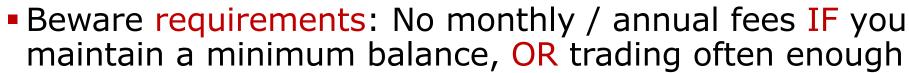
* Best Bid-Offer

** Net Asset Value



Admin / Platform Costs

- % vs. fixed cost base
 - % you are subsidising small investors
 - Fixed cost not suitable for small investments



- What else does it give you?
 - Research? Price feeds? Analytics? Information? Education?
 - Automation, e.g. debit orders, reinvestment of dividends
 - Better execution (trading) than DIY?





Admin / Platform Costs

- Beware "zero fee" offerings where else are they making their money?
 - It is certainly not zero cost for the provider!
 - Regulatory charges are unavoidable, incl. safe-guarding of your assets and information, reporting (also to you)
 - Systems; People; Marketing; Overheads... #Eskomplicated
- What is fair?
 - Determine what is valuable to you
 e.g. personal client service vs. hi-tech
 - Don't be naïve
 - Calculate what you pay in Rands, then decide



Advice Costs

- AUM*-based or flat fee
- Could be incl. in platform fee, but only if licensed to do so
- Is the adviser / advice "fit-for-purpose"? i.e. specialist in

what you need

- Investments (ETFs, shares, etc.)
- Insurance
- Financial planning
- "Personal trainer"
- □ Commission-earning, blood-sucking leech you've never met
- "Investments should be bought, not sold" Buffett



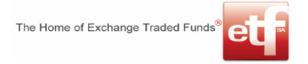
What else?

- Performance fees
 - Why pay for the performance someone else got in the past?
- Debit order costs
 - R300 p.m. debit order @ R3 d/o fee = 1% PER MONTH and you were worried about 5 bps difference in the TER?
- Tax is it a cost?
 - It is unavoidable, but it can be mitigated
 - Make use of tax incentives before discretionary investments (share trading, unit trusts, ETF portfolio, etc.)



All-In Cost Model Tax-Free Investment Account

- 1% all-inclusive
- R33,000 investment = R330
- Includes*
 - $_{\rm D}$ VAT = R43
 - Transaction costs = R137 DIY (or R62 expense to FSP**)
 - Reinvestment of distributions = R679 DIY (or R69 for FSP)
- Cost of DIY = R859
- Fee earned by administrator = R78 p.a.
- Fee earned by FSP = R78 p.a. = R6.50 p.m.



^{*} Assume 4 ETFs, 4% DY paid quarterly, 0.25% brokerage rate for DIY ** Financial Services Provider

All-In Cost Model Managed Portfolio Service

- 1% all-inclusive
- R1m investment = R10,000
- Includes*
 - $^{\circ}$ VAT = R1,304
 - Transaction costs = R5,805 DIY (or R1,205 expense to FSP)
 - Reinvestment of distributions = R2,204 DIY (or R1,101 for FSP)
 - Admin = R828
- Cost of DIY = R10,141
- Fee earned by FSP = R5,562 p.a. = R463.50 p.m.



Glossary of other TLAs* Retirement savings; Insurance-based products

- EAC Effective Annual Cost
 - Investment management
 - Advice
 - Administration
 - Other costs
- RSC Retirement Savings Cost disclosure standard
 - Standardised method of disclosing costs to employers or trustees who want to compare umbrella funds
 - Not aimed at individual members, but rather decision makers
- RIY Reduction in Yield
- IRR Internal Rate of Return





In conclusion

- Know your costs it matters, a lot!
- Understand what is unavoidable, what is negotiable, and what is unnecessary
- Focus your efforts on where to be MAD*
- Don't be naïve about claims of "no fees" or "zero costs"
- Still not sure what to do?

Invest with the "ETF specialists"



Don't be a cheapskate with your investments





Question time





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